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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/757,832	01/14/2004	Herbert W. Virgin	60005161-0168	5585
26263	7590	11/22/2005	EXAMINER	
SONNENSCHEIN NATH & ROSENTHAL LLP			CHEN, STACY BROWN	
P.O. BOX 061080			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WACKER DRIVE STATION, SEARS TOWER				1648
CHICAGO, IL 60606-1080				

DATE MAILED: 11/22/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Applicant(s)</b>	
	10/757,832	VIRGIN, HERBERT W.	
	<b>Examiner</b>	<b>Art Unit</b>	
	Stacy B. Chen	1648	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 November 2005.
- 2a) This action is FINAL.                    2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 12-14 and 36-62 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 12-14 and 46-62 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 36-45 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on 14 January 2004 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All    b) Some \* c) None of:
  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)                     |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ .  |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>12/30/04</u> . | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
|   | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ .                                  |

### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Applicant's election without traverse of Group II, claims 36-45, is acknowledged and entered. Claims 12-14 and 36-62 are pending. Claims 12-14 and 46-62 are withdrawn from consideration, being drawn to a non-elected invention. Claims 36-45 are under examination.

#### ***Specification***

2. The specification is objected to for the following minor informality: Figure 3 contains nucleic acid sequences. The description of the drawings for Figure 3 references SEQ ID NO: 21-48, however it is unclear how these sequences directly relate to the sequences in Figure 3. Is each line of nucleic acid sequence correlate to SEQ ID NO: 21, 22, etc. Clarification and/or correction are required to overcome this objection.

#### ***Information Disclosure Statement***

3. The information disclosure statement filed on December 30, 2004 cites 159 non-patent literature references. Given that the first 22 references did not reveal any significant information relating to the claimed invention and Applicant has not provided an explanation of why the 150 references are relevant to the claimed invention, the remaining references have not been considered, as indicated on the copy of the PTO-1449 attached to this Office action.

#### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112***

4. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it

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pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 36-45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The claims are drawn to a method for determining the presence of MNV-1 antibodies using MNV-1 polypeptides. The MNV-1 virus is novel according to Applicant's disclosure. The claims encompass a large genus of MNV-1 polypeptides for which Applicant has not provided adequate disclosure such that one of skill would be put in possession of the claimed invention.

To provide adequate written description and evidence of possession of a claimed genus, the specification must provide sufficient distinguishing identifying characteristics of the genus. The factors to be considered include disclosure of complete or partial structure, physical and/or chemical properties, functional characteristics, structure/function correlation, methods of making the claimed product, or any combination thereof. In this case, the only factor present in the claim is a general structural feature: "a MNV-1 polypeptide". The MNV-1 complete sequence is 1625 amino acids long. Applicant has not provided information as to the location of open reading frames. One would not be able to practice the claimed method without knowing the basic coding regions. The specification fails to provide adequate information about physical and/or chemical properties, functional characteristics or structure/function correlation. For example, claim 43 requires that a polypeptide comprising the capsid protein be used in the assay. One of skill in the art would need to perform further research to determine where the capsid protein is. Applicant

has not identified the epitopes such that one would be able to practice the claimed invention with the appropriate polypeptide having an epitope (claims 42-44). Accordingly, in the absence of sufficient recitation of distinguishing identifying characteristics, the specification does not provide adequate written description of the claimed genus.

*Vas-Cath Inc. v. Mahurkar*, 19USPQ2d 1111, clearly states “applicant must convey with reasonable clarity to those skilled in the art that, as of the filing date sought, he or she was in possession of the invention. The invention is, for purposes of the ‘written description’ inquiry, whatever is now claimed.” (See page 1117.) The specification does not “clearly allow persons of ordinary skill in the art to recognize that [he or she] invented what is claimed.” (See *Vas-Cath* at page 1116). As discussed above, the skilled artisan cannot envision the detailed chemical structure of the encompassed genus of polypeptides, and therefore conception is not achieved until reduction to practice has occurred, regardless of the complexity or simplicity of the method of isolation. Adequate written description requires more than a mere statement that it is part of the invention and reference to a potential method of isolating it. The compound itself is required. See *Fiers v. Revel*, 25 USPQ2d 1601 at 1606 (CAFC 1993) and *Amgen Inc. v. Chugai Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd.*, 18 USPQ2d 1016. One cannot describe what one has not conceived.

5. Claims 36-45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to use the invention. The claims are drawn to a method for determining the presence of MNV-1 antibodies using MNV-1 polypeptides. The MNV-1 virus is

novel according to Applicant's disclosure. The claims encompass a large genus of MNV-1 polypeptides for which Applicant has not provided adequate disclosure such that one of skill would be able to practice the claimed method of detection.

There are many factors to be considered when determining whether there is sufficient evidence to support a determination that a disclosure does not satisfy the enablement requirement and whether any necessary experimentation is "undue." These factors include, but are not limited to the breadth of the claims, the nature of the invention, the state of the prior art, the level of one of ordinary skill, the level of predictability in the art, the amount of direction provided by the inventor, the existence of working examples; and the quantity of experimentation needed to make or use the invention based on the content of the disclosure.

In the instant case, Applicant has disclosed the discovery of a new virus, MNV-1, a murine norovirus of caliciviridae. Applicant sequenced the virus and deduced the amino acid sequence. Based on this information, one of skill in the art would not be equipped to practice the claimed method: detection of MNV-1 antibodies. The method requires the use of MNV-1 polypeptides that contain epitopes or in some instances, the capsid protein. The instant specification lacks working examples and fails to adequately teach where these epitopes are, or even where the major viral proteins are in the full-length sequence. The MNV-1 complete sequence is 1625 amino acids long. Applicant has not provided information as to the location of open reading frames. One would not be able to practice the claimed method without knowing the basic coding regions. Lacking this critical information about the new MNV-1 virus, one of skill in the art would not be able to practice the invention as claimed. Further research,

discovery and experimentation are required. For these reasons, the claims are not enabled for a method of detecting the presence, absence or quantity of antibodies against MNV-1.

6. Claims 36-45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The claimed methods require access to MNV-1, a novel virus discovered by Applicant. The method steps require the use of MNV-1 polypeptides which do not appear to readily available material because the virus itself does not appear to be available.

It is apparent that MNV-1 is required to practice the claimed invention because it is a necessary limitation for the success of the invention as stated in the claims. As a required element it must be known and readily available to the public or obtainable by a repeatable method set forth in the specification, or otherwise readily available to the public. If it is not so obtainable or available, the enablement requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, may be satisfied by a deposit of MNV-1. See 37 CFR 1.802. One cannot practice the claimed invention without polypeptides of MNV-1. Therefore, access to MNV-1 is required to practice the invention. The specification does not provide a repeatable method for MNV-1 without access to the virus and it does not appear to be readily available material.

Deposit of MNV-1 in a recognized deposit facility would satisfy the enablement requirements of 35 U.S.C. 112, because the virus would be readily available to the public to practice the invention claimed, see 37 CFR 1.801- 37 CFR 1.809.

If a deposit is made under the terms of the Budapest Treaty, then an affidavit or declaration by applicants or someone associated with the patent owner who is in a position to make such assurances, or a statement by an attorney of record over his or her signature, stating that the deposit has been made under the terms of the Budapest Treaty and that all restrictions imposed by the depositor on the availability to the public of the deposited material will be irrevocably removed upon the granting of a patent, would satisfy the deposit requirements. See 37 CFR 1.808.

If a deposit is not made under the terms of the Budapest Treaty, then an affidavit or declaration by applicants or someone associated with the patent owner who is in a position to make such assurances, or a statement by an attorney of record over his or her signature, stating that the deposit has been made at an acceptable depository and that the following criteria have been met:

- (a) during the pendency of this application, access to the invention will be afforded to one determined by the Commissioner to be entitled thereto;
- (b) all restrictions imposed by the depositor on the availability to the public of the deposited material will be irrevocably removed upon granting of the patent;
- (c) the deposit will be maintained for a term of at least thirty (30) years and at least five (5) years after the most recent request for the furnishing of a sample of the deposited material;
- (d) a viability statement in accordance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.807; and
- (e) the deposit will be replaced should it become necessary due to inviability, contamination or loss of capability to function in the manner described in the specification.

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In addition the identifying information set forth in 37 CFR 1.809(d) should be added to the specification. See 37 CFR 1.803 - 37 CFR 1.809 for additional explanation of these requirements.

***Conclusion***

7. No claim is allowed. The subject matter of the elected claims appears to be novel because the virus, MNV-1 is novel.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stacy B. Chen whose telephone number is 571-272-0896. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:00-4:30). If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James C. Housel can be reached on 571-272-0902. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.



Stacy B. Chen

November 15, 2005